The Texas Water Quality Inventory – Groundwater Assessment

#### AKA: The "305(b)" Report

Abiy Berehe, P. G. Texas Commission on Environmental Quality



In 2003, groundwater provided 57 percent of the 16.2 million acre-feet

• Farmers used about 79 percent of this groundwater

• Municipalities relied on groundwater for about 36 percent of their water supplies





The Water Quality Inventory data depends heavily on

- the ambient water quality data from the TWDB
- but also incorporates some data from TCEQ's Public Drinking Water program and other sources



# Aquifers

#### Major Aquifers



of



#### **Minor Aquifers**

Texas



We will begin in aquifers underlying the High Plains of Texas, Ogallala Aquifer and will generally move South from there ...





Nitrate Concentration

- Less than 10 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 mg/l, but Less Than 100 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 100 mg/l

📃 Ogallala Aquifer

Nitrate is a constituent of concern for the Ogallala aquifer.





Nitrate Concentration

- Less than 10 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 mg/l, but Less Than 100 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 100 mg/l

📃 Ogallala Aquifer

Newborn and nursing infants exposed to high nitrates in drinking water may develop methemoglobinemia, or "blue baby syndrome"



A special study on Nitrate loading to Texas aquifers was completed in 2007

The study was done by the Bureau of Economic Geology, Jackson School of Geosciences, University of Texas at Austin





- Less than 10 ug/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 ug/l, but Less Than 50 ug/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 50 ug/l

📃 Ogallala Aquifer

Arsenic is also present at concentrations of concern in the Ogallala aquifer.





- Less than 10 ug/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 ug/l, but Less Than 50 ug/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 50 ug/l

📃 Ogallala Aquifer

Arsenic has been linked to cancer of the bladder, lungs, skin, kidney, nasal passages, liver, and prostate.





- Less than 10 ug/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 ug/l, but Less Than 50 ug/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 50 ug/l

Ogallala Aquifer

Non-cancer effects from arsenic can include thickening and discoloration of the skin, stomach pain, nausea, numbness in extremities, partial paralysis and blindness.





Fluoride Concentration

- Less than 2 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 2 mg/l, but Less Than 4 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 4 mg/l

📃 Ogallala Aquifer

Exposure to levels of fluoride above the primary MCL of 4 mg/l may result in bone disease. Levels above 2 mg/l may result in staining or pitting of teeth.





Nitrate Concentration

- Less than 10 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 mg/l, but Less Than 100 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 100 mg/l

] (Outcrop) Dockum Aquifer

🖂 (Downdip)

(Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity)

The Dockum aquifer generally underlies the Ogallala. It has some issues with nitrate as well.





Nitrate Concentration

- Less than 10 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 mg/l

Seymour Aquifer

Nitrates are a concern in Seymour Aquifer.





A similar situation exists with the Blaine aquifer.

Nitrate Concentration

- Less than 10 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 mg/l

Outcrop) Blaine Aquifer

(Downdip)

(Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity)



The Cenozoic Pecos Alluvium aquifer is classified as a major aquifer. It has some pretty major issues with nitrate . . .





- Greater than or Equal to 1000 mg/l, but less than 3000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 3000 mg/l, but less than 10000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 10000

. . . and total dissolved solids. Total dissolved solids (TDS) is referred to by EPA as a nuisance constituent.





- Less than 300 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 300 mg/l, but less than 1000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 1000 mg/l, but less than 3000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 3000 mg/l, but less than 10000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 10000

High TDS concentrations are not considered a health risk, however, hardness, chemical deposits, staining and salty taste are all usability issues.





- Greater than or Equal to 3000 mg/l, but less than 10000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 10000

High chloride concentrations, which are not a health risk, but again goes toward usability of the resource, are an issue in the **Cenozoic** Pecos Alluvium, . . .





#### ... as are sulfates.





- Less than 10 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 mg/l
- (Ourcrop) Edwards-Trinity (Plateau) Aquifer
  - (Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity)

Nitrate is again a constituent of concern for the Edwards-Trinity (Plateau) aquifer.





The Lipan aquifer, near San Angelo, has high nitrate concentrations. The red dots indicate nitrate values greater than 10 mg/l.



## Here too, TDS . . .



- Greater than or Equal to 300 mg/l, but less than 1000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 1000 mg/l, but less than 3000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 3000 mg/l, but less than 10000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 10000

(Outcrop) Lipan Aquifer
(Downdip)
(Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity)



... and chlorides are concerns.





Nitrate Concentration

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- Less than 10 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 mg/l

Hueco-Mesilla Bolsons Aquifer (Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity) The Hueco-Mesilla **Bolsons supply** water to El Paso Texas, and Ciudad Juarez, in the Mexican state of Chihuahua. Nitrates are a concern here.





Total Dissolved Solids Concentration

Less than 300 mg/l

Ν

- Greater than or Equal to 300 mg/l, but less than 1000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 1000 mg/l, but less than 3000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 3000 mg/l, but less than 10000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 10000

Hueco-Mesilla Bolsons Aquifer (Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity)

Groundwater becomes increasingly saline with depth in the Hueco Bolson, so TDS and chlorides are also concerns here.





Nitrate Concentration

- Less than 10 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 mg/l
- (Outcrop) Trinity Aquifer
- Z (Downdip)
  - (Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity)

The Trinity aquifer supplies water to a large area in the middle of Texas. Nitrates are a concern for this aquifer.





Total Dissolved Solids Concentration

- Less than 300 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 300 mg/l, but less than 1000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 1000 mg/l, but less than 3000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 3000 mg/l, but less than 10000 mg/l
- Greater than or Equal to 10000

(Outcrop) Trinity Aquifer
(Downdip)
(Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity)

TDS is also an issue in the Trinity aquifer. There is no apparent pattern to the distribution of TDS concentrations.





The Hickory aquifer is unusually shaped, due to the uplift of pre-Cambrian rocks in the Llano area. Nitrate is a particular concern for the Hickory aquifer.





Total Dissolved SolidsConcentration

- Less than 300 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 300 mg/l, but Less Than 1000 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 1000 mg/l, but Less Than 3000 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 3000 mg/l, but Less Than 10000 mg/l
- Greater Than 10000 mg/l

Outcrop) Sparta Aquifer

(Downdip)

(Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity)

TDS is the main concern in the Sparta aquifer.

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Total Dissolved SolidsConcentration

- Less than 300 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 300 mg/l, but Less Than 1000 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 1000 mg/l, but Less Than 3000 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 3000 mg/l, but Less Than 10000 mg/l
- Greater Than 10000 mg/l

Yegua-Jackson Aquifer (Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity) The Yegua-Jackson aquifer is the most recently designated minor aquifer. TDS values are a concern in the aquifer . . .





**Chloride Concentration** 

- Less than 300 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 300 mg/l, but Less Than 1000 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 1000 mg/l, but Less Than 3000 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 3000 mg/l, but Less Than 10000 mg/l
- Greater Than 10000 mg/l

Yegua-Jackson Aquifer (Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity)

## ... as are chlorides.



Sulfate Concentration

- Less than 300 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 300 mg/l, but Less Than 1000 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 1000 mg/l, but Less Than 3000 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 3000 mg/l, but Less Than 10000 mg/l
- Greater Than 10000 mg/l

Yegua-Jackson Aquifer (Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity)

### ... as are sulfates





Manganese Concentration

- Less than 50 ug/l
- Greater than or Equal to 50ug/I
- Yegua-Jackson Aquifer (Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity)

The Yegua-Jackson aquifer has some high concentrations of the dissolved element manganese.



Manganese Concentration

- Less than 50 ug/l
- Greater than or Equal to 50ug/I

Yegua-Jackson Aquifer (Adjacent or Overlying Aquifers Omitted for Clarity) There is no published healtheffect level for Manganese. Another "nuisance" constituent, its presence can cause discoloration, turbidity and formation of a black precipitant.





- Less than 50 ug/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 50 ug/l

Gulf Coast Aquifer

As with the Yegua-Jackson aquifer, the adjacent Gulf Coast aquifer has some high concentrations of manganese.





- Less than 300 ug/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 300 ug/l

**Gulf Coast Aquifer** 

The distribution of iron concentrations in the Gulf Coast aquifer is similar to that of manganese. Iron isn't considered a health risk either, but water with high concentrations will have a dark color.





Valley/Winter Garden area, nitrate is a significant concern.

In the Rio Grande

- Less than 10 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 mg/l, but Less Than 50 mg/l
- Greater Than 50 mg/l

Gulf Coast Aquifer





- Less than 10 ug/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 10 ug/l, but Less Than 50 ug/l
- Greater Than 50 ug/l

Gulf Coast Aquifer

The same area has high concentrations of arsenic. Some deeper portions of the aquifer, further up the coast, have high arsenic concentrations as well.



**Chloride Concentration** 

- Less than 300 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 300 mg/l, but Less Than 1000 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 1000 mg/l, but Less Than 3000 mg/l
- Greater Than or Equal to 3000 mg/l, but Less Than 10000 mg/l
- Greater Than 10000 mg/l

Gulf Coast Aquifer

Chlorides are yet another concern in the Gulf Coast aquifer.





There are some constituents that have an effect statewide. One of these is radionuclides.





The highest Gross Alpha particle activity are present in the Hickory, Ellenberger-San Saba aquifers.





# Boron is another statewide concern.



There will also likely be some additional information from special studies in the future similar to the nitrate or arsenic studies.



## Thank You.

For more information, Contact Groundwater Planning and Assessment Team Water Supply Division Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Tel. (512) 239-5480

